

Forms of government in different countries



Name:

Date:

Find the different forms of government

O F D L F F O W Q O N E R Y O U G R X P
Z E G Y Y P P E K W F N Z V J L L G L T
M V F H P I T P O I V V E Q G C A S I L
S U A Q D Y B N N A I V K H Z L S W J L
F X S P W A H D P B A N A N A S K I N
I F F C J S J Y E I G N V R Z E M D X
N K B A L E W Q M T C V R G P B B S O I
S M N E V V V X V B E A R Z L V O I H W
J E D B M Q A S L M G B I D D G T R E K
T P V X I R Z M V R W Y V J T C T B J I
U J K S H C L O U D O O Y O T D L E Z H
L O R V J D W U A B H B S F I R E U Q O
T W U I Q I I N F D L R V G I A K E W E
N C F O R E S T Z K N Y P H W I V F Q Y
W V Z M U N H A U P E J V S U N C B M H
U V F Q B F L I U U B W O E W X J E N I
Y A C C B A E N A T I O N A L P A R K
C Y C L I N G H L L R S E J O Q M R H I
T U Z B S A I W I N D P P L R P T J H N
K P S I H K O N Y F V J I F I S H I N G
M K Z G L P B T J E K V D Y V S L D Z R
P R P Z U F G D M D Q D E S E R T I G P
S U F F N O Z E D D Y L M R R Q R B B M
O C X R O T C J D G I F U S K L E S P M
E Y E H E A N P B E Z H G F P H E K S U
F T F M Z P X Y F P L A S T I C B A G
O M D S X Z R P X T C V I I K Q B C M L
W W Q C G P R M T S Z K U K J C R O W U
H P L P V D B D D L N D J J W B A W N W
P K X V F V J D U P K H A Q D O N Y Z Y
W T M P Z A N D Q C D A N L P U C D N I
T S H M G H D H K R M B J C R V H N D C

MOUNTAIN
SEA
RIVER
BIRD
DESERT
FOREST
HIKING
FISHING
FIRE
BEAR
RUBBISH
CYCLING
NATIONAL PARK
BANANA SKIN
GLASS BOTTLE
PLASTIC BAG
TREE BRANCH
RAIN
SUN
CLOUD
WIND

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Name:

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Match the form of government to their definitions

democracy

republic

monarchy

theocracy

oligarchy

autocracy

federalism

dictatorship

anarchy

plutocracy

A system of government by one person with absolute power.

A system of government where the citizens exercise power by voting.

A system of government in which entities such as states or provinces share power with a national government.

A state of society without government or law.

A society that is ruled or controlled by people of great wealth or income.

A form of government where one person or a small group possesses absolute power without effective constitutional limitations.

A form of government with a monarch at the head, usually a king or queen.

A form of government in which a small group of people have control of a country or organization.

A form of government in which the country is considered a public matter, and the head of state is an elected or nominated president.

A system of government in which priests rule in the name of God or a god.

Find the correct answer

What form of government does Canada have?

- Absolute Monarchy Presidential Republic Constitutional Monarchy
 Federal Republic

Which type of government is practiced in Saudi Arabia?

- Constitutional Monarchy Absolute Monarchy Military Dictatorship
 Parliamentary Republic

What is the form of government in Germany?

- Constitutional Monarchy Communist State Single-Party State Federal Republic

Which form of government does China have?

- Parliamentary Republic Single-Party State Democratic Republic Federal Republic

What type of government is in place in Australia?

- Constitutional Monarchy Single-Party State Absolute Monarchy
 Presidential Republic

What form of government does Russia have?

- Semi-Presidential Republic Parliamentary Republic Federal Republic
 Constitutional Monarchy

Which type of government is practiced in the United Kingdom?

- Parliamentary Republic Federal Republic Constitutional Monarchy
 Single-Party State

What form of government does Japan have?

- Single-Party State Absolute Monarchy Military Dictatorship
 Constitutional Monarchy

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Now let's take a look at a specific country

The Government of the United States of America

Introduction

The United States of America (USA) has a unique system of government that is designed to ensure a balance of power. Understanding this system helps us see how different parts of the government work together to serve the people.

Federalism

The USA is a federal republic, which means it has a national (federal) government and 50 state governments. Each level of government has its own powers and responsibilities.

The Three Branches of Government

The U.S. government is divided into three branches: legislative, executive, and judicial. This separation ensures that no single branch becomes too powerful.

Legislative Branch

The legislative branch, also known as Congress, makes laws. Congress is split into two parts:

- **House of Representatives:** Made up of 435 members, each representing a district. They serve 2-year terms.
- **Senate:** Made up of 100 senators, two from each state. They serve 6-year terms.

Executive Branch

The executive branch enforces laws and is led by the President, who is also the Commander-in-Chief of the armed forces. The President is elected every four years and can serve a maximum of two terms (8 years). The President's team includes the Vice President and the Cabinet, which consists of leaders of 15 executive departments like Defense and Education.

Judicial Branch

The judicial branch interprets laws and makes sure they are applied fairly. It is led by the Supreme Court, which has nine justices. These justices can serve for life. The Supreme Court can declare laws or executive actions unconstitutional, meaning they don't follow the Constitution.

Checks and Balances

To make sure no branch becomes too powerful, the U.S. government uses a system called checks and balances. For example:

- The President can veto laws made by Congress, but Congress can override this veto with a two-thirds vote.

- The Supreme Court can declare actions by the President or laws made by Congress unconstitutional.

Conclusion

The U.S. government is designed to be a balanced system where different branches check each other to protect the rights and freedoms of its citizens. This structure helps maintain democracy and ensures that power is shared and regulated.

Are the statements true or false?

The President of the United States can serve a maximum of three terms.

True False

The legislative branch of the U.S. government is responsible for making laws.

True False

The Senate is made up of 50 senators, one from each state.

True False

The Supreme Court can declare laws or executive actions unconstitutional.

True False

The President's Cabinet consists of leaders of 20 executive departments.

True False

The House of Representatives has 435 members who serve 2-year terms.

True False

The executive branch is responsible for interpreting laws.

True False

The U.S. government uses a system of checks and balances to ensure no branch becomes too powerful.

True False